

PRODUCT INFORMATION

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| Clone ID | 26H2 |
| Target | ANPEP |
| Synonyms | APN;CD13;GP150;LAP1;P150;PEPN |
| Host Species | Rabbit |
| Description | Anti-ANPEP antibody(26H2), IgG1 Chimeric mAb |
| Delivery | In Stock |
| Uniprot ID | P15144 |
| IgG type | Rabbit/Human Fc chimeric IgG1 |
| Clonality | Monoclonal |
| Reactivity | Human |
| Applications | Flow Cyt |
| Recommended Dilutions | Flow Cyt 1/100 |
| Purification | Purified from cell culture supernatant by affinity chromatography |
| Formulation & Reconstitution | Lyophilized from sterile PBS, pH 7.4. Normally 5 % - 8% trehalose is added as protectants before lyophilization. Please see Certificate of Analysis for specific instructions of reconstitution. |
| Storage & Shipping | Store at -20°C to -80°C for 12 months in lyophilized form. After reconstitution, if not intended for use within a month, aliquot and store at -80°C (Avoid repeated freezing and thawing). Lyophilized proteins are shipped at ambient temperature. |
| Background | Aminopeptidase N is located in the small-intestinal and renal microvillar membrane, and also in other plasma membranes. In the small intestine aminopeptidase N plays a role in the final digestion of peptides generated from hydrolysis of proteins by gastric and pancreatic proteases. Its function in proximal tubular epithelial cells and other cell types is less clear. The large extracellular carboxyterminal domain contains a pentapeptide consensus sequence characteristic of members of the zinc-binding metalloproteinase superfamily. Sequence comparisons with known enzymes of this class showed that CD13 and aminopeptidase N are identical. The latter enzyme was thought to be involved in the metabolism of regulatory peptides by diverse cell types, including small intestinal and renal tubular epithelial cells, macrophages, granulocytes, and synaptic membranes from the CNS. This membrane-bound zinc metalloprotease is known to serve as a receptor for the HCoV-229E alphacoronavirus as well as other non-human coronaviruses. This gene has also been shown to promote angiogenesis, tumor growth, and metastasis and defects in this gene are associated with various types of leukemia and lymphoma. [provided by RefSeq, Apr 2020] |
| Usage | Research use only |



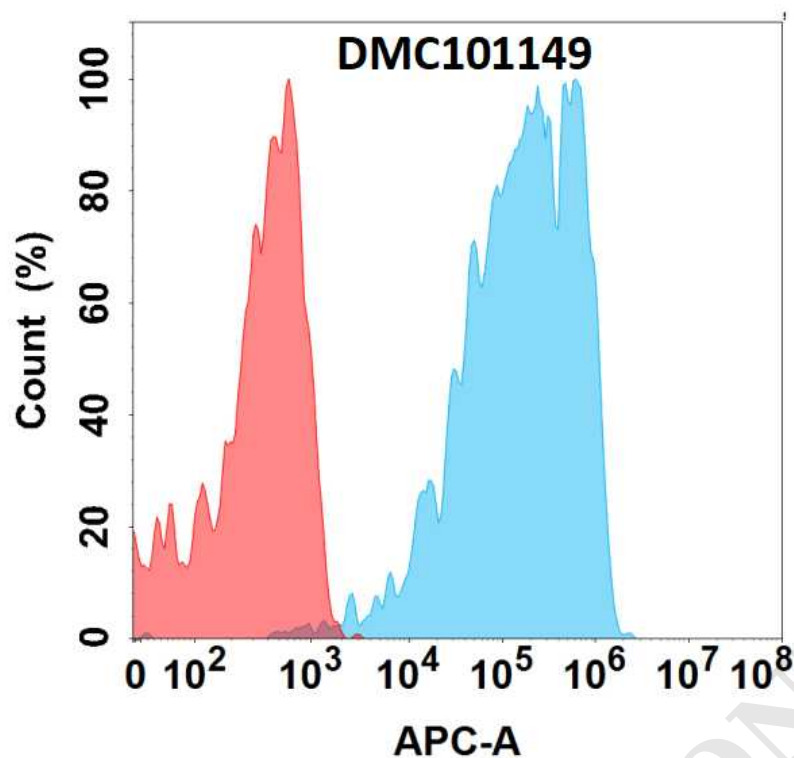


Figure 1. Flow cytometry analysis with 1 μ g/mL Anti-ANPEP (26H2) mAb on Expi293 cells transfected with human ANPEP (Blue histogram) or Expi293 transfected with irrelevant protein (Red histogram).

