

**PRODUCT INFORMATION**

<b>Clone ID</b>	DM13
<b>Target</b>	CD22
<b>Synonyms</b>	SIGLEC-2; SIGLEC2
<b>Host Species</b>	Rabbit
<b>Description</b>	Anti-CD22 antibody(DM13); Rabbit mAb
<b>Delivery</b>	In Stock
<b>Uniprot ID</b>	P20273
<b>IgG type</b>	Rabbit IgG
<b>Clonality</b>	Monoclonal
<b>Reactivity</b>	Human
<b>Applications</b>	ELISA; Flow Cyt
<b>Recommended Dilutions</b>	Flow Cyt 1:100
<b>Purification</b>	Purified from cell culture supernatant by affinity chromatography
<b>Formulation &amp; Reconstitution</b>	Lyophilized from sterile PBS, pH 7.4. Normally 5% - 8% trehalose is added as protectants before lyophilization. Please see Certificate of Analysis for specific instructions of reconstitution.
<b>Storage &amp; Shipping</b>	Store at -20°C to -80°C for 12 months in lyophilized form. After reconstitution, if not intended for use within a month, aliquot and store at -80°C (Avoid repeated freezing and thawing). Lyophilized proteins are shipped at ambient temperature.
<b>Background</b>	CD22 (CD22 Molecule) is a Protein Coding gene. Diseases associated with CD22 include Refractory Hematologic Cancer and Hairy Cell Leukemia. Among its related pathways are Downstream signaling events of B Cell Receptor (BCR) and Hematopoietic cell lineage. Gene Ontology (GO) annotations related to this gene include carbohydrate binding. An important paralog of this gene is SIGLEC2.
<b>Usage</b>	Research use only



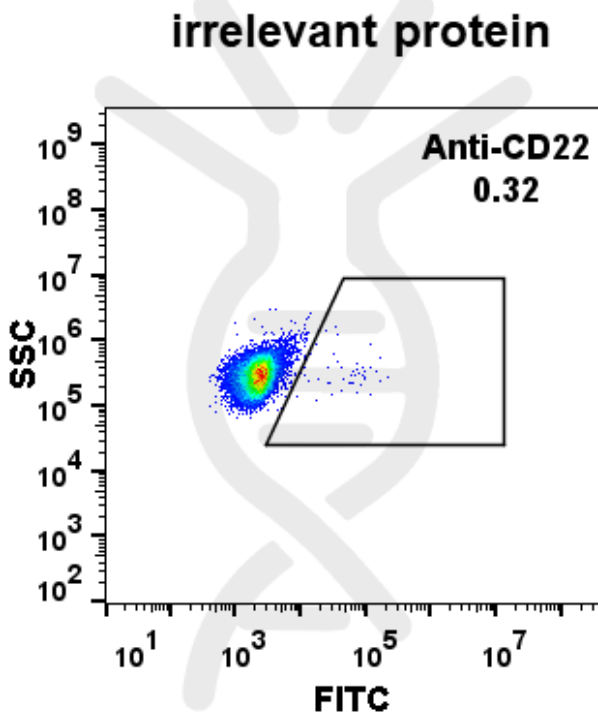


Figure 1. Expi 293 cell line transfected with irrelevant protein (left) and human CD22 (right) were surface stained with Rabbit anti- CD22 monoclonal antibody 1 $\mu$ g/ml ( clone: DM13) followed by Alexa 488-conjugated anti-rabbit IgG secondary antibody.

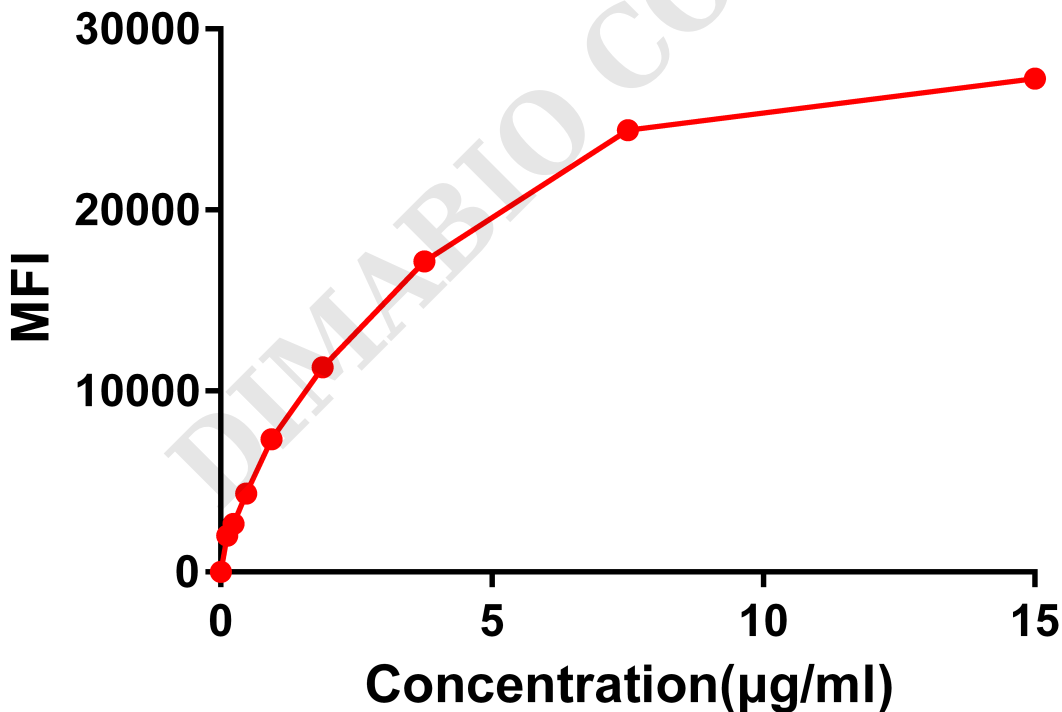


Figure 2. Flow cytometry data of serially titrated Rabbit anti-CD22 monoclonal antibody ( clone: DM13) on Raji cells. The Y-axis represents the mean fluorescence intensity (MFI) while the X-axis represents the concentration of IgG used.



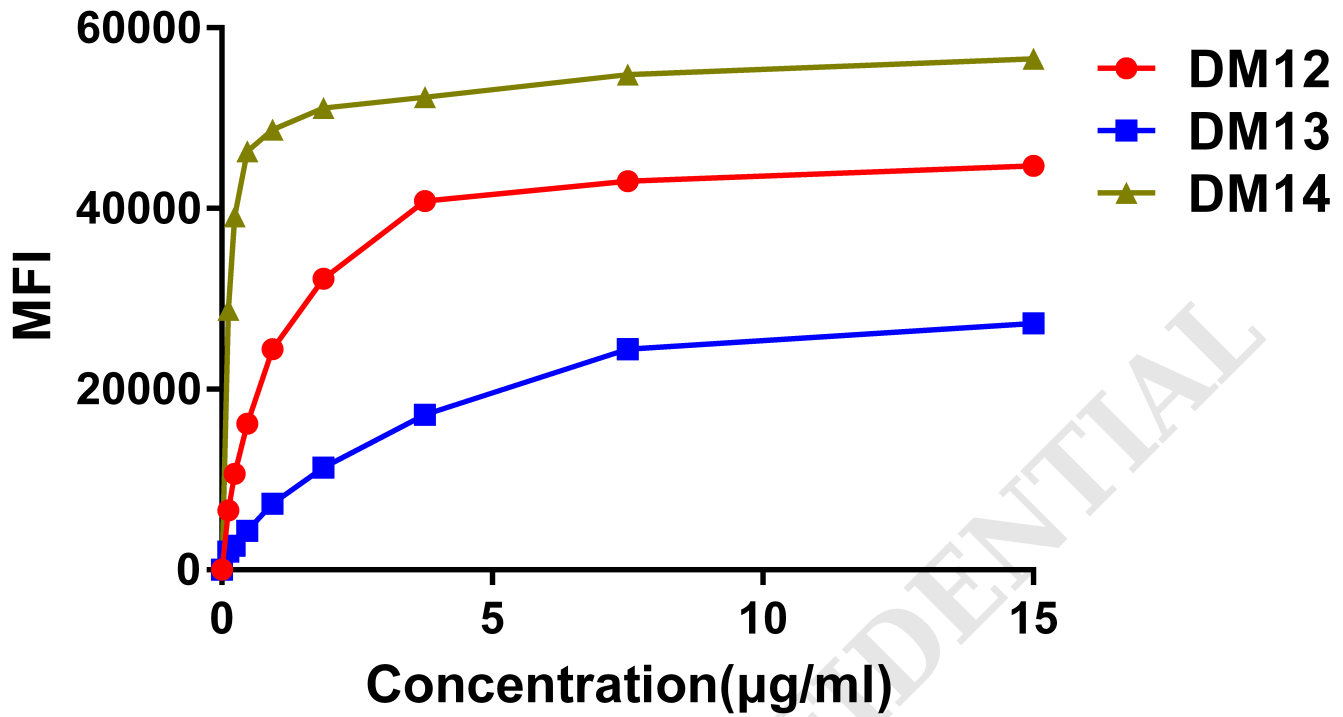


Figure 3. Affinity ranking of different Rabbit anti-CD22 mAb clones by titration of different concentration onto Raji cells. The Y-axis represents the mean fluorescence intensity (MFI) while the X-axis represents the concentration of IgG used.

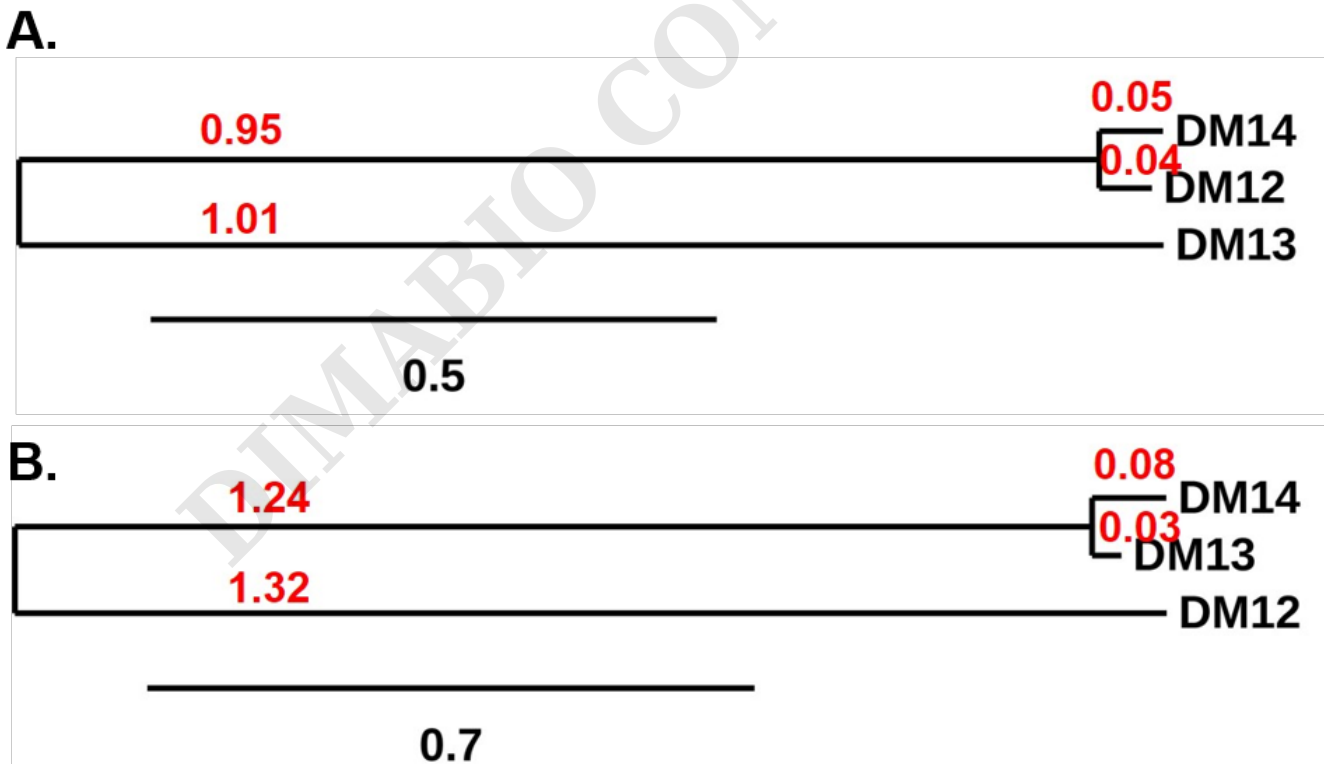


Figure 4. Phylogenetic analysis of amino acid sequence of different Rabbit Anti-CD22 mAb clones. A) Heavy chain and B) Light chain.



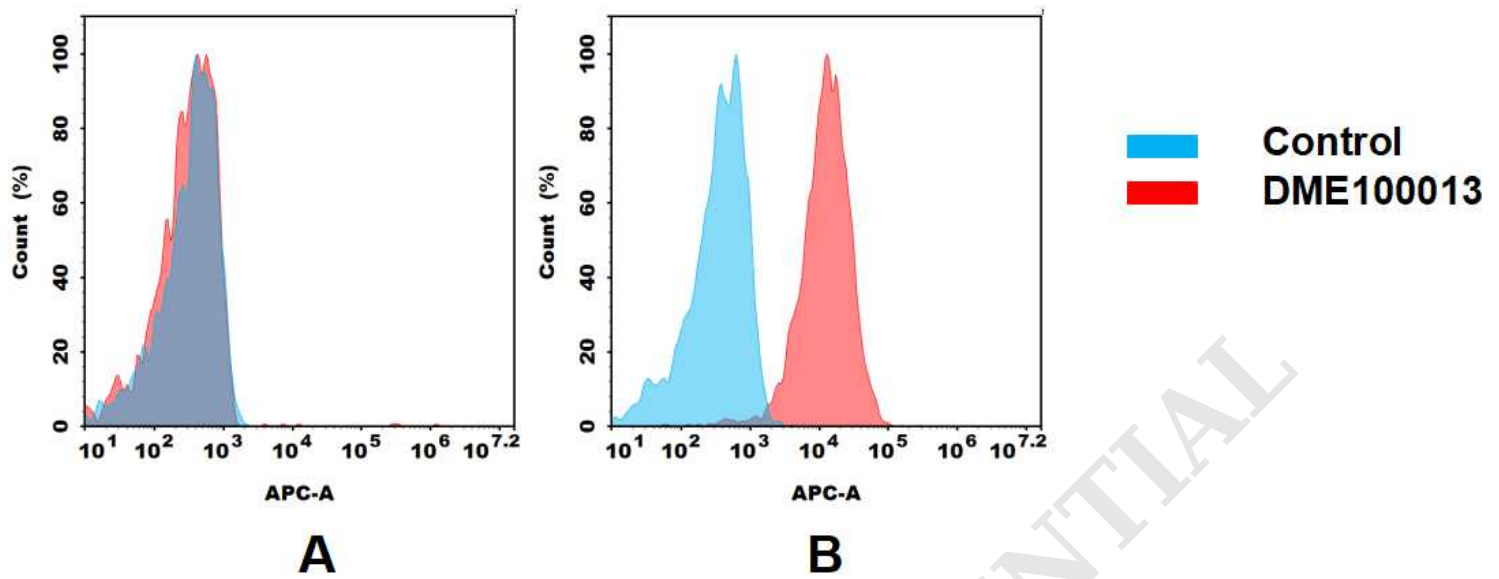


Figure 5. Flow cytometry analysis of antigen binding of rabbit anti-human CD22 mAb(DME100013).

(A) DME100013 does not bind to Jurkat cells that do not express CD22.

(B) A clear peak shift of DME100013 was seen compared to the control when incubated with CD22-expressing Raji cells, indicating strong binding of DME100013 to CD22. Antibodies were incubated at 10 µg/mL.

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