

PRODUCT INFORMATION

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| Clone ID | DM157 |
| Target | MICA |
| Synonyms | MIC-A; PERB11.1 |
| Host Species | Rabbit |
| Description | Anti-MICA antibody(DM157); Rabbit mAb |
| Delivery | 2-3 weeks |
| Uniprot ID | Q29983 |
| IgG type | Rabbit IgG |
| Clonality | Monoclonal |
| Reactivity | Human |
| Applications | ELISA; Flow Cyt |
| Recommended Dilutions | ELISA 1:5000-10000; Flow Cyt 1:100 |
| Purification | Purified from cell culture supernatant by affinity chromatography |
| Formulation & Reconstitution | Lyophilized from sterile PBS, pH 7.4. Normally 5 % - 8% trehalose is added as protectants before lyophilization. Please see Certificate of Analysis for specific instructions of reconstitution. |
| Storage & Shipping | Store at -20°C to -80°C for 12 months in lyophilized form. After reconstitution, if not intended for use within a month, aliquot and store at -80°C (Avoid repeated freezing and thawing). Lyophilized proteins are shipped at ambient temperature. |
| Background | This gene encodes the highly polymorphic major histocompatibility complex class I chain-related protein A. The protein product is expressed on the cell surface; although unlike canonical class I molecules it does not seem to associate with beta-2-microglobulin. It is a ligand for the NKG2-D type II integral membrane protein receptor. The protein functions as a stress-induced antigen that is broadly recognized by intestinal epithelial gamma delta T cells. Variations in this gene have been associated with susceptibility to psoriasis 1 and psoriatic arthritis; and the shedding of MICA-related antibodies and ligands is involved in the progression from monoclonal gammopathy of undetermined significance to multiple myeloma. Alternative splicing of this gene results in multiple transcript variants. [provided by RefSeq; Jan 2014] |
| Usage | Research use only |

