

**PRODUCT INFORMATION**

<b>Target</b>	ROR2
<b>Synonyms</b>	BDB; BDB1; NTRKR2
<b>Description</b>	Recombinant Cynomolgus ROR2 protein with N-terminal 10×His tag
<b>Delivery</b>	In Stock
<b>Uniprot ID</b>	XP_005582291.2
<b>Expression Host</b>	HEK293
<b>Tag</b>	N-10×His tag
<b>Molecular Characterization</b>	10×His tag ROR2(Glu34-Met402)
<b>Molecular Weight</b>	The protein has a predicted molecular mass of 42.6 kDa after removal of the signal peptide. The apparent molecular mass of His-cROR2 is approximately 35-55 kDa due to glycosylation.
<b>Purity</b>	The purity of the protein is greater than 85% as determined by SDS-PAGE and Coomassie blue staining.
<b>Formulation &amp; Reconstitution</b>	Lyophilized from sterile PBS, pH 7.4. Normally 5 % - 8% trehalose is added as protectants before lyophilization. Please see Certificate of Analysis for specific instructions of reconstitution.
<b>Storage &amp; Shipping</b>	Store at -20°C to -80°C for 12 months in lyophilized form. After reconstitution, if not intended for use within a month, aliquot and store at -80°C (Avoid repeated freezing and thawing). Lyophilized proteins are shipped at ambient temperature.
<b>Background</b>	The protein encoded by this gene is a receptor protein tyrosine kinase and type I transmembrane protein that belongs to the ROR subfamily of cell surface receptors. The protein may be involved in the early formation of the chondrocytes and may be required for cartilage and growth plate development. Mutations in this gene can cause brachydactyly type B, a skeletal disorder characterized by hypoplasia/aplasia of distal phalanges and nails. In addition, mutations in this gene can cause the autosomal recessive form of Robinow syndrome, which is characterized by skeletal dysplasia with generalized limb bone shortening, segmental defects of the spine, brachydactyly, and a dysmorphic facial appearance. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]
<b>Usage</b>	Research use only





Figure 1. Cynomolgus ROR2 Protein, N-His Tag on SDS-PAGE under reducing condition.

