

PRODUCT INFORMATION

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| Tag | C-Flag Tag |
| Target | CAC1F |
| Synonyms | AIED, COD3, COD4, CORDX, CORDX3, CSNB2, CSNB2A, CSNBX2, Cav1.4, Cav1.4alpha1, JM8, JMC8, OA2 |
| Description | Human CAC1F full length protein-synthetic nanodisc |
| Delivery | 6~8weeks |
| Uniprot ID | O60840 |
| Expression Host | HEK293 |
| Protein Families | Ion Channels: Calcium |
| Protein Pathways | N/A |
| Molecular Weight | The human full length CAC1F protein has a MW of 220.7kDa |
| Formulation & Reconstitution | Lyophilized from nanodisc solubilization buffer (20 mM Tris-HCl, 150 mM NaCl, pH 8.0). Normally 5% - 8% trehalose is added as protectants before lyophilization. Please see Certificate of Analysis for specific instructions. Do not use solvents with a pH below 6.5 or those containing high concentrations of divalent metal ions (greater than 5 mM) in subsequent experiments. |
| Storage & Shipping | Store at -20°C to -80°C for 12 months in lyophilized form. After reconstitution, if not intended for use within a month, aliquot and store at -80°C (Avoid repeated freezing and thawing). Lyophilized proteins are shipped at ambient temperature. |
| Background | This gene encodes a multipass transmembrane protein that functions as an alpha-1 subunit of the voltage-dependent calcium channel, which mediates the influx of calcium ions into the cell. The encoded protein forms a complex of alpha-1, alpha-2/delta, beta, and gamma subunits in a 1:1:1:1 ratio. Mutations in this gene can cause X-linked eye disorders, including congenital stationary night blindness type 2A, cone-rod dystrophy, and Aland Island eye disease. Alternatively spliced transcript variants encoding multiple isoforms have been observed. [provided by RefSeq, Aug 2013] |
| Usage | Research use only |
| Conjugate | Unconjugated |

