

## **PRODUCT INFORMATION**

Tag C-Flag Tag
Target CLCN7

Synonyms CLC-7, CLC7, HOD, OPTA2, OPTB4, PPP1R63

Description Human CLCN7 full length protein-synthetic

nanodisc

Delivery 6~8weeks

Uniprot ID P51798

Expression Host HEK293

**Protein Families** Ion Channels: Other

Protein Pathways N/A

**Background** 

Molecular Weight

The human full length CLCN7 protein has a MW of

88.7kDa
Lyophilized from nanodisc solubilization buffer (20

mM Tris-HCl, 150 mM NaCl, pH 8.0). Normally 5%
– 8% trehalose is added as protectants before
lyophilization. Please see Certificate of Analysis
for specific instructions. Do not use solvents with

for specific instructions. Do not use solvents with a pH below 6.5 or those containing high concentrations of divalent metal ions (greater than 5 mM) in subsequent experiments.

Store at -20°C to -80°C for 12 months in lyophilized form. After reconstitution, if not

**Storage & Shipping** intended for use within a month, aliquot and store at -80°C (Avoid repeated freezing and thawing). Lyophilized proteins are shipped at ambient

temperature.

The product of this gene belongs to the CLC chloride channel family of proteins. Chloride channels play important roles in the plasma membrane and in intracellular organelles. This gene encodes chloride channel 7. Defects in this gene are the cause of osteopetrosis autosomal recessive type 4 (OPTB4), also called infantile malignant osteopetrosis type 2 as well as the cause of autosomal dominant osteopetrosis type 2 (OPTA2), also called autosomal dominant osteopetrosis type

2 (OPTA2), also called autosomal dominant Albers-Schonberg disease or marble disease autosoml dominant. Osteopetrosis is a rare genetic disease characterized by abnormally dense bone, due to defective resorption of immature bone. OPTA2 is the most common form of osteopetrosis, occurring in adolescence or adulthood. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]

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