

## PRODUCT INFORMATION

<b>Target</b>	FGFa
<b>Synonyms</b>	Fibroblast Growth Factor 1;FGF-1;Acidic Fibroblast Growth Factor;aFGF;Endothelial Cell Growth Factor;ECGFHeparin-Binding Growth Factor 1;HBGF-1;FGF1;FGFA
<b>Description</b>	Recombinant Human Fibroblast Growth Factor 1/Fibroblast Growth Factor Acidic is produced by our E.coli expression system and the target gene encoding Ala2-Asp155 is expressed.
<b>Delivery</b>	In Stock
<b>Uniprot ID</b>	P05230
<b>Expression Host</b>	E.coli
<b>Tag</b>	
<b>Molecular Characterization</b>	Not available
<b>Molecular Weight</b>	17.3 KDa
<b>Purity</b>	Greater than 95% as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.
<b>Formulation &amp; Reconstitution</b>	Lyophilized from a 0.2 µm filtered solution of PBS, pH 7.4.
<b>Storage &amp; Shipping</b>	Store at -20°C to -80°C for 12 months in lyophilized form. After reconstitution, if not intended for use within a month, aliquot and store at -80°C (Avoid repeated freezing and thawing). Lyophilized proteins are shipped at ambient temperature.
<b>Background</b>	FGF acidic, also known as ECGF, FGF-1 and HBGF-1, is a non-glycosylated heparin binding growth factor that is expressed in the brain, kidney, retina, smooth muscle cells, bone matrix, osteoblasts, astrocytes and endothelial cells. It is a mitogenic peptide that is produced by multiple cell types and stimulates the proliferation of cells of mesodermal, ectodermal, and endodermal origin. Its association with heparan sulfate is a prerequisite for activation of FGF receptors. Internalized FGF acidic migrates to the nucleus where it is phosphorylated by nuclear PKC delta, exported to the cytosol, dephosphorylated, and degraded. Intracellular FGF acidic inhibits p53 activity and proapoptotic signaling.
<b>Usage</b>	Research use only



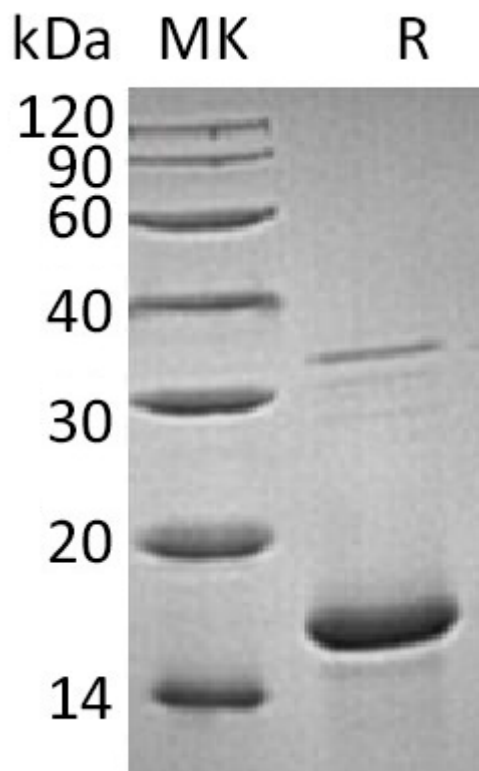


Figure 1. Greater than 95% as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.

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