

## **PRODUCT INFORMATION**

C-Flag Tag Tag **Target** GBRA1

**Synonyms** DEE19, ECA4, EIEE19, EJM, EJM5

Human GBRA1 full length protein-synthetic **Description** 

nanodisc **Delivery** 6~8weeks **Uniprot ID** P14867 **Expression Host HEK293** 

**Protein Families** Ion Channels: Cys-loop Receptors

**Protein Pathways** 

Storage & Shipping

**Background** 

The human full length GBRA1 protein has a MW of **Molecular Weight** 

51.8kDa Lyophilized from nanodisc solubilization buffer (20

mM Tris-HCl, 150 mM NaCl, pH 8.0). Normally 5% - 8% trehalose is added as protectants before lyophilization. Please see Certificate of Analysis Formulation & Reconstitution for specific instructions. Do not use solvents with

a pH below 6.5 or those containing high concentrations of divalent metal ions (greater than 5 mM) in subsequent experiments. Store at -20°C to -80°C for 12 months in lyophilized form. After reconstitution, if not

intended for use within a month, aliquot and store at -80°C (Avoid repeated freezing and thawing). Lyophilized proteins are shipped at ambient

témperature.

This gene encodes a gamma-aminobutyric acid (GABA) receptor. GABA is the major inhibitory neurotransmitter in the mammalian brain where it acts at GABA-A receptors, which are ligand-gated chloride channels. Chloride conductance of these channels can be modulated by agents such as benzodiazepines that bind to the GABA-A receptor. GABA-A receptors are pentameric,

consisting of proteins from several subunit classes: alpha, beta, gamma, delta and rho.
Mutations in this gene cause juvenile myoclonic
epilepsy and childhood absence epilepsy type 4.
Multiple transcript variation for this game protein have been identified for this gene.

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[provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]

Usage Research use only Conjugate Unconjugated

