Cat. No. FLP100269



PRODUCT INFORMATION

Tag C-Flag Tag
Target GP149

Synonyms IEDA, PGR10, R35

DescriptionHuman GP149 full length protein-synthetic

nanodisc

Delivery 6~8weeks

Uniprot ID Q86SP6

Expression Host HEK293

Protein Families GPCR, Transmembrane, Druggable Genome,

Protein Pathways N/A

Formulation & Reconstitution

Storage & Shipping

Background

Molecular Weight

The human full length GP149 protein has a MW of

81kDa

Lyophilized from nanodisc solubilization buffer (20 mM Tris-HCl, 150 mM NaCl, pH 8.0). Normally 5% – 8% trehalose is added as protectants before lyophilization. Please see Certificate of Analysis for specific instructions. Do not use solvents with

a pH below 6.5 or those containing high concentrations of divalent metal ions (greater than 5 mM) in subsequent experiments. Store at -20°C to -80°C for 12 months in lyophilized form. After reconstitution, if not

intended for use within a month, aliquot and store at -80°C (Avoid repeated freezing and thawing). Lyophilized proteins are shipped at ambient

temperature.

This gene encodes a seven-transmembrane G protein coupled receptor (GPCR) class A family member. Although categorized as a class A GPCR, the encoded protein lacks the first two charged amino acids of the highly conserved Asp-Arg-Tyr (DRY) motif found in the third transmembrane helix of class A receptors which is important for efficient G protein-coupled signal transduction. Mice with a knockout of the orthologous gene are viable and have normal maturation of the ovarian follicle, but show enhanced fertility and ovulation. All GPCRs have a common structural architecture consisting of seven transmembrane alpha-helices

interconnected by three extracellular and three intracellular loops. A general feature of GPCR signaling is agonist-induced conformational changes in the receptor, leading to activation of the heterotrimeric G proteins, which consist of the guanine nucleotide-binding G-alpha subunit and the dimeric G-beta-gamma subunits. The activated G proteins then bind to and activate numerous downstream effector proteins, which

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generate second messengers that mediate a broad range of cellular and physiological processes. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2017]

Usage Research use only
Conjugate Unconjugated

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