

PRODUCT INFORMATION

C-Flag&Strep Tag Tag

GRIA2 **Target**

GLUR2, GLURB, GluA2, GluR-K2, HBGR2, NEDLIB, **Synonyms**

gluR-2, gluR-B

Human GRIA2-Strep full length protein-synthetic Description

nanodisc

Delivery 6~8weeks **Uniprot ID** P42262 **Expression Host** HFK293

Ion Channels: Glutamate Receptors **Protein Families**

Protein Pathways

Formulation & Reconstitution

Background

The human full length GRIA2-Strep protein has a **Molecular Weight**

MW of 98.8 kDa

Lyophilized from nanodisc solubilization buffer (20 mM Tris-HCl, 150 mM NaCl, pH 8.0). Normally 5% - 8% trehalose is added as protectants before lyophilization. Please see Certificate of Analysis for specific instructions. Do not use solvents with

a pH below 6.5 or those containing high concentrations of divalent metal ions (greater than 5 mM) in subsequent experiments. Store at -20°C to -80°C for 12 months in lyophilized form. After reconstitution, if not

intended for use within a month, aliquot and store Storage & Shipping at -80°C (Avoid repeated freezing and thawing). Lyophilized proteins are shipped at ambient

temperature.

Glutamate receptors are the predominant excitatory neurotransmitter receptors in the mammalian brain and are activated in a variety of normal neurophysiologic processes. This gene product belongs to a family of glutamate receptors that are sensitive to alpha-amino-3-hydroxy-5-methyl-4-isoxative propionate (AMPA), and function as ligand-activated cation channels. These channels are assembled from 4 related

subunits, GRIA1-4. The subunit encoded by this gene (GRIA2) is subject to RNA editing (CAG->CGG; Q->R) within the second

transmembrane domain, which is thought to render the channel impermeable to Ca(2). Human and animal studies suggest that pre-mRNA editing is essential for brain function, and defective GRIA2 RNA editing at the Q/R site may be relevant to amyotrophic lateral sclerosis (ALS)

etiology. Alternative splicing, resulting in transcript variants encoding different isoforms, (including the flip and flop isoforms that vary in their signal transduction properties), has been noted for this gene. [provided by RefSeq, Jul

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Usage Research use only Conjugate Unconjugated

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