

**PRODUCT INFORMATION**

<b>Target</b>	LRP5
<b>Synonyms</b>	HBM; LR3; OPS; EVR1; EVR4; LRP7; OPPG; BMND1; LRP-5; LRP-7; OPTA1; PCLD4; VBCH2
<b>Description</b>	Recombinant human LRP5 Protein with N-terminal human Fc tag
<b>Delivery</b>	In Stock
<b>Uniprot ID</b>	O75197
<b>Expression Host</b>	HEK293
<b>Tag</b>	N-Human Fc tag
<b>Molecular Characterization</b>	hFc(Glu99-Ala330) LRP5(Glu644-Gln1263)
<b>Molecular Weight</b>	The protein has a predicted molecular mass of 95.9 kDa after removal of the signal peptide.
<b>Purity</b>	The purity of the protein is greater than 95% as determined by SDS-PAGE and Coomassie blue staining.
<b>Formulation &amp; Reconstitution</b>	Lyophilized from sterile PBS, pH 7.4. Normally 5 % - 8% trehalose is added as protectants before lyophilization. Please see Certificate of Analysis for specific instructions.
<b>Storage &amp; Shipping</b>	Store at -20°C to -80°C for 12 months in lyophilized form. After reconstitution, if not intended for use within a month, aliquot and store at -80°C (Avoid repeated freezing and thawing). Lyophilized proteins are shipped at ambient temperature.
<b>Background</b>	This gene encodes a transmembrane low-density lipoprotein receptor that binds and internalizes ligands in the process of receptor-mediated endocytosis. This protein also acts as a co-receptor with Frizzled protein family members for transducing signals by Wnt proteins and was originally cloned on the basis of its association with type 1 diabetes mellitus in humans. This protein plays a key role in skeletal homeostasis and many bone density related diseases are caused by mutations in this gene. Mutations in this gene also cause familial exudative vitreoretinopathy. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants. [provided by RefSeq, May 2014]
<b>Usage</b>	Research use only



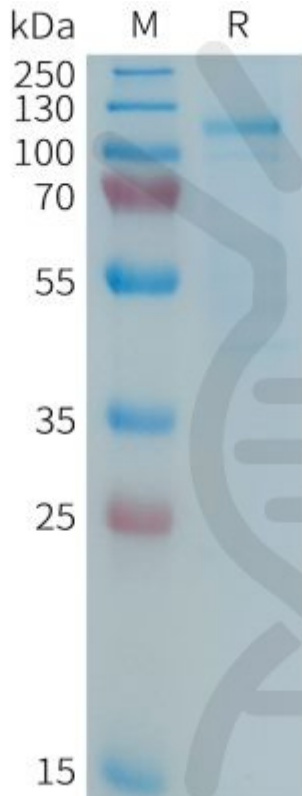


Figure 1. Human LRP5 Protein, hFc Tag on SDS-PAGE under reducing condition.

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