

PRODUCT INFORMATION

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| Tag | C-Flag Tag |
| Target | LSHR |
| Synonyms | HHG, LCGR, LGR2, LH/CG-R, LH/CGR, LHR, LHRHR, LSH-R, ULG5 |
| Description | Human LSHR full length protein-synthetic nanodisc |
| Delivery | 6~8weeks |
| Uniprot ID | P22888 |
| Expression Host | HEK293 |
| Protein Families | Transmembrane,Druggable Genome, |
| Protein Pathways | GPCRDB Class A Rhodopsin-like,Ovarian Infertility Genes,Peptide GPCRs,Cancer,G-Protein Coupled Receptors Signaling Pathway, |
| Molecular Weight | The human full length LSHR protein has a MW of 78.6kDa |
| Formulation & Reconstitution | Lyophilized from nanodisc solubilization buffer (20 mM Tris-HCl, 150 mM NaCl, pH 8.0). Normally 5% - 8% trehalose is added as protectants before lyophilization. Please see Certificate of Analysis for specific instructions. Do not use solvents with a pH below 6.5 or those containing high concentrations of divalent metal ions (greater than 5 mM) in subsequent experiments. |
| Storage & Shipping | Store at -20°C to -80°C for 12 months in lyophilized form. After reconstitution, if not intended for use within a month, aliquot and store at -80°C (Avoid repeated freezing and thawing). Lyophilized proteins are shipped at ambient temperature. |
| Background | This gene encodes the receptor for both luteinizing hormone and choriogonadotropin. This receptor belongs to the G-protein coupled receptor 1 family, and its activity is mediated by G proteins which activate adenylate cyclase. Mutations in this gene result in disorders of male secondary sexual character development, including familial male precocious puberty, also known as testotoxicosis, hypogonadotropic hypogonadism, Leydig cell adenoma with precocious puberty, and male pseudohermaphroditism with Leydig cell hypoplasia. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008] |
| Usage | Research use only |
| Conjugate | Unconjugated |

