

PRODUCT INFORMATION

C-Flag Tag Tag O51B4 **Target**

HOR5'Beta1 **Synonyms**

Human O51B4 full length protein-synthetic **Description**

nanodisc **Delivery** 6~8weeks **Uniprot ID** Q9Y5P0 **Expression Host HEK293**

Protein Families Transmembrane, Druggable Genome,

Protein Pathways N/A

Storage & Shipping

Background

The human full length O51B4 protein has a MW of **Molecular Weight**

34.9kDa

mM Tris-HCl, 150 mM NaCl, pH 8.0). Normally 5% - 8% trehalose is added as protectants before lyophilization. Please see Certificate of Analysis

Formulation & Reconstitution for specific instructions. Do not use solvents with a pH below 6.5 or those containing high concentrations of divalent metal ions (greater than 5 mM) in subsequent experiments.

Store at -20°C to -80°C for 12 months in lyophilized form. After reconstitution, if not intended for use within a month, aliquot and store

Lyophilized from nanodisc solubilization buffer (20

at -80°C (Avoid repeated freezing and thawing). Lyophilized proteins are shipped at ambient

témperature.

Olfactory receptors interact with odorant molecules in the nose, to initiate a neuronal response that triggers the perception of a smell. The olfactory receptor proteins are members of a large family of G-protein-coupled receptors (GPCR) arising from single coding-exon genes. Olfactory receptors share a 7-transmembrane domain structure with many neurotransmitter and

hormone receptors and are responsible for the recognition and G protein-mediated transduction of odorant signals. The olfactory receptor gene family is the largest in the genome. The nomenclature assigned to the olfactory receptor

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genes and proteins for this organism is independent of other organisms. [provided by

RefSeq, Jul 2008]

Usage Research use only

Conjugate Unconjugated

