

PRODUCT INFORMATION

Tag	C-Flag&Strep Tag
Target	OPRM
Synonyms	LMOR; M-OR-1; MOP; MOR; MOR1; OPRM1
Description	Human OPRM-Strep full length protein-synthetic nanodisc
Delivery	6~8weeks
Uniprot ID	P35372
Expression Host	HEK293
Protein Families	Druggable Genome, GPCR, Transmembrane
Protein Pathways	Neuroactive ligand-receptor interaction
Molecular Weight	The human full length OPRM-Strep protein has a MW of 44.8 kDa
Formulation & Reconstitution	Lyophilized from nanodisc solubilization buffer (20 mM Tris-HCl, 150 mM NaCl, pH 8.0). Normally 5% - 8% trehalose is added as protectants before lyophilization. Please see Certificate of Analysis for specific instructions. Do not use solvents with a pH below 6.5 or those containing high concentrations of divalent metal ions (greater than 5 mM) in subsequent experiments.
Storage & Shipping	Store at -20°C to -80°C for 12 months in lyophilized form. After reconstitution, if not intended for use within a month, aliquot and store at -80°C (Avoid repeated freezing and thawing). Lyophilized proteins are shipped at ambient temperature.
Background	One of at least three opioid receptors in humans; the mu opioid receptor (MOR). The MOR is the principal target of endogenous opioid peptides and opioid analgesic agents such as beta-endorphin and enkephalins. The MOR also has an important role in dependence to other drugs of abuse, such as nicotine, cocaine, and alcohol via its modulation of the dopamine system. The NM_001008503.2:c.118A>G allele has been associated with opioid and alcohol addiction and variations in pain sensitivity but evidence for it having a causal role is conflicting. Multiple transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been found for this gene. Though the canonical MOR belongs to the superfamily of 7-transmembrane-spanning G-protein-coupled receptors some isoforms of this gene have only 6 transmembrane domains.
Usage	Research use only
Conjugate	Unconjugated

