

**PRODUCT INFORMATION**

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| <b>Tag</b>                              | C-Flag Tag   |
| <b>Target</b>                           | OR2D2  |
| <b>Synonyms</b>                         | OR11-610, OR2D1, hg27  |
| <b>Description</b>                      | Human OR2D2 full length protein-synthetic nanodisc   |
| <b>Delivery</b>                         | 6~8weeks   |
| <b>Uniprot ID</b>                       | Q9H210   |
| <b>Expression Host</b>                  | HEK293   |
| <b>Protein Families</b>                 | Transmembrane, Druggable Genome,   |
| <b>Protein Pathways</b>                 | GPCRDB Class A Rhodopsin-like,   |
| <b>Molecular Weight</b>                 | The human full length OR2D2 protein has a MW of 34.2kDa  |
| <b>Formulation &amp; Reconstitution</b> | Lyophilized from nanodisc solubilization buffer (20 mM Tris-HCl, 150 mM NaCl, pH 8.0). Normally 5% - 8% trehalose is added as protectants before lyophilization. Please see Certificate of Analysis for specific instructions. Do not use solvents with a pH below 6.5 or those containing high concentrations of divalent metal ions (greater than 5 mM) in subsequent experiments.   |
| <b>Storage &amp; Shipping</b>           | Store at -20°C to -80°C for 12 months in lyophilized form. After reconstitution, if not intended for use within a month, aliquot and store at -80°C (Avoid repeated freezing and thawing). Lyophilized proteins are shipped at ambient temperature.  |
| <b>Background</b>                       | Olfactory receptors interact with odorant molecules in the nose, to initiate a neuronal response that triggers the perception of a smell. The olfactory receptor proteins are members of a large family of G-protein-coupled receptors (GPCR) arising from single coding-exon genes. Olfactory receptors share a 7-transmembrane domain structure with many neurotransmitter and hormone receptors and are responsible for the recognition and G protein-mediated transduction of odorant signals. The olfactory receptor gene family is the largest in the genome. The nomenclature assigned to the olfactory receptor genes and proteins for this organism is independent of other organisms. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008] |
| <b>Usage</b>                            | Research use only  |
| <b>Conjugate</b>                        | Unconjugated   |

