Delivery

Uniprot ID



PRODUCT INFORMATION

C-Flag Tag Tag OR8G2P **Target**

HSTPCR120, OR8G2, OR8G4, ORL206, ORL486, **Synonyms**

TPCR120

Human OR8G2P full length protein-synthetic Description

nanodisc 6~8weeks Q6IF36

Expression Host HEK293

Storage & Shipping

Background

Druggable Genome, **Protein Families**

Protein Pathways GPCRDB Other.

The human full length OR8G2P protein has a MW **Molecular Weight**

of 34kDa

Lyophilized from nanodisc solubilization buffer (20 mM Tris-HCl, 150 mM NaCl, pH 8.0). Normally 5% – 8% trehalose is added as protectants before lyophilization. Please see Certificate of Analysis Formulation & Reconstitution

for specific instructions. Do not use solvents with a pH below 6.5 or those containing high concentrations of divalent metal ions (greater than 5 mM) in subsequent experiments.

Store at -20°C to -80°C for 12 months in lyophilized form. After reconstitution, if not intended for use within a month, aliquot and store

at -80°C (Avoid repeated freezing and thawing). Lyophilized proteins are shipped at ambient

temperature.

Olfactory receptors interact with odorant molecules in the nose, to initiate a neuronal response that triggers the perception of a smell. The olfactory receptor proteins are members of a large family of G-protein-coupled receptors (GPCR) arising from single coding-exon genes. Olfactory receptors share a 7-transmembrane domain structure with many neurotransmitter and hormone receptors and are responsible for the

recognition and G protein-mediated transduction of odorant signals. The olfactory receptor gene family is the largest in the genome. The nomenclature assigned to the olfactory receptor genes and proteins for this organism is

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independent of other organisms. [provided by

RefSeq, Jul 2008]

Usage Research use only Conjugate Unconjugated

