

# SOP for Flow Cytometry

## – Evaluation of Purified Antibody

*Updated on 03.2025*

**1. Experimental Instruments:** Analytical flow cytometer

**2. Experimental Materials and Reagents:**

Various pipettes and tips, 96-well cell culture plates, light-shielding aluminum foil, NBS, primary antibody, fluorescent secondary antibody,  $1 \times$  PBS, 0.2% BSA in  $1 \times$  PBS (freshly prepared)

**3. Experimental Procedures:** The following procedures were prepared based on 30 samples. For different sample numbers, please adjust the volume of the buffers accordingly.

**3.1 Cell Preparation:** Prepare approximately  $2 \times 10^5$  cells per sample. Collect cells into centrifuge tubes, centrifuge at  $300 \times g$  for 5 minutes, discard the culture medium, wash cells twice with 5 mL of  $1 \times$  PBS, and discard the supernatant.

**3.2 Blocking:** Resuspend cells in 4 mL  $1 \times$  PBS, add 5% volume of NBS (400 $\mu$ L) to block cells, mix well, incubate at room temperature for 15 minutes, centrifuge at  $300 \times g$  for 5 minutes, and discard the supernatant.

**3.3 Washing:** Resuspend cells in 1.5 mL of freshly prepared 0.2% BSA, centrifuge at  $300 \times g$  for 5 minutes, and discard the supernatant.

**3.4 Cell Plating:** Resuspend cells in 1.5mL of 0.2% BSA, dispense cell suspension into

corresponding wells of a 96-well plate, 50  $\mu$ l per well of cell suspension

(approximately  $2 \times 10^5$  cells).

**3.5 Primary Antibody Reaction:** Dilute the antibody to 2 $\mu$ g/ml and 20 $\mu$ g/ml, add to corresponding cell wells, 50 $\mu$ l per well, final volume 100 $\mu$ l, vortex to resuspend cells, incubate on ice for 30 minutes. (Antibody final concentrations are 1 $\mu$ g/ml and 10 $\mu$ g/ml, adjust concentrations according to cell expression levels). Note that these concentrations are recommended starting points. Users should adjust the concentrations based on their specific cell type and numbers.

**3.6 Washing:** Centrifuge the plate at 650 $\times$ g for 3 minutes, flick off the supernatant, add 200 $\mu$ l of 0.2% BSA per well, centrifuge for 3 minutes, flick off the supernatant.

**3.7 Secondary Antibody Reaction:** Dilute the secondary antibody according to recommended concentrations, add to corresponding wells, 50 $\mu$ l per well, vortex to mix cells, incubate on ice in the dark for 30 minutes.

**3.8 Washing:** Centrifuge the plate at 650 $\times$ g for 3 minutes, flick off the supernatant, add 200 $\mu$ l of 0.2% BSA per well, centrifuge for 3 minutes, flick off the supernatant, finally resuspend cells in 200 $\mu$ l of 0.2% BSA.

**3.9 Detection:** Select appropriate excitation light based on the fluorescent label of the antibody and perform machine testing.

### Flow Result Analysis Demonstration

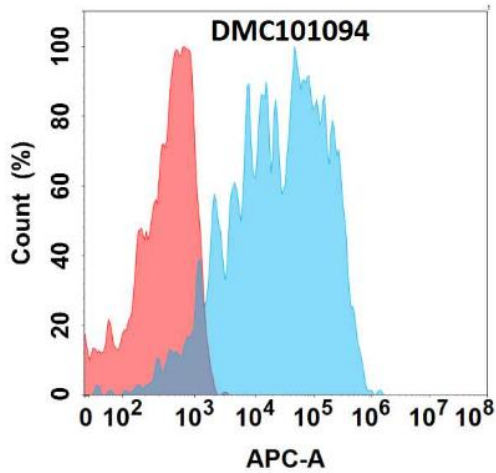


Figure 1. Flow cytometry analysis with 1µg/mL Anti-B7H7 (2D5) mAb on Expi293 cells transfected with human B7H7 (Blue histogram) or Expi293 transfected with irrelevant protein (Red histogram).

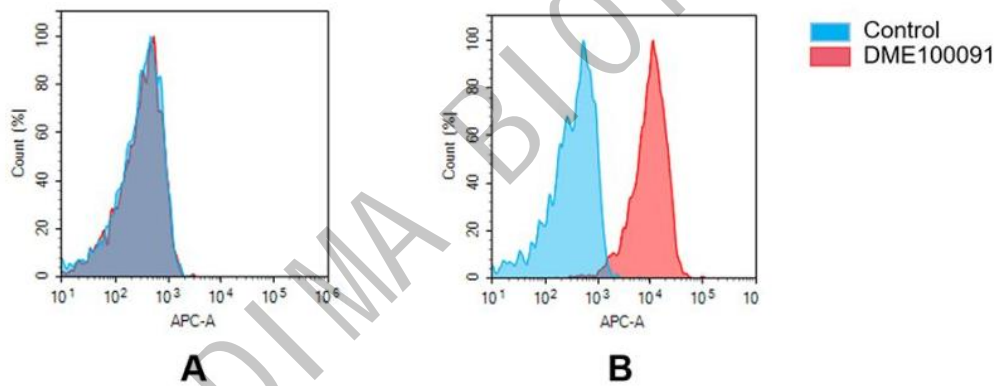


Figure 2. Flow cytometry analysis of antigen binding of rabbit anti-human GPRC5D mAb (DME100091). (A) DME100091 does not bind to Jurkat cells that do not express GPRC5D. (B) A clear peak shift of DME100091 was seen compared to the control when incubated with GPRC5D-expressing MM.1S cells, indicating strong binding of DME100091 to GPRC5D. Antibodies were incubated at 5 µg/mL.